

U N W

If the fun rise *unwilling* to his race,
Clouds on his brows, and spots upon his face,
Suspect a drizzling day. *Dryden.*
Heav'n's unchang'd decrees attentive hear;
More pow'rful gods have torn thee from my side,
Unwilling to resign, and doom'd a bride. *Dryden.*
UNWILLINGLY. adv. Not with good-will; not without loath-
ness.

The whining school-boy, with his fatchel,
And frowning morning face, creeping like snail
Unwillingly to school. *Shakspeare. As You Like It.*
A feast the people hold to Dagon, and forbid
Laborious works, *unwillingly* this rest
Their superstition yields. *Milton's Agonistes.*

By seas or skies, *unwillingly* they stay'd. *Denham.*
These men were once the prince's foes, and then
Unwillingly they made him great: but now,
Being his friends, shall willingly undo him. *Denham.*

That where it seizes, all relief is vain;
And therefore must *unwillingly* lay waste
That country, which would else the foe maintain. *Dryden.*
UNWILLINGNESS. n. f. Loathsness; disinclination.

Obedience, with professed *unwillingness* to obey, is no bet-
ter than manifest disobedience. *Hooker, b. v.*

What moved the man to yield to her persuasions? Even
the same cause that hath moved all men since, an *unwil-
lingness* to grieve her, and make her sad, left the should pine,
and be overcome with sorrow. *Raleigh's Hist. of the World.*
I see with what *unwillingness*

You lay upon me this command, and through your fears
Discern your love, and therefore must obey you. *Denham.*
There is in most people a reluctance and *unwillingness* to
be forgotten. We observe, even among the vulgar, how
fond they are to have an inscription over their grave. *Swift.*

To *UNWIND. v. a.* pret. and part. passive *unwound*.

1. To separate any thing convolved; to untwist; to untwine.
All his subjects having by some years learned, so to hope
for good and fear harm, only from her, that it should
have needed a stronger virtue than his, to have *unwound* to
deeply an entered vice. *Sidney, b. ii.*

Empirick politicians use deceit:
You boldly shew that skill which they pretend,
And work by means as noble as your end;
Which should you veil, we might *unwind* the clue,
As men do nature, till we came to you. *Dryden.*

2. To disentangle; to loose from entanglement.
Desiring to serve God as they ought; but being not so
skillful as in every point to *unwind* themselves, where the
snarles of gliding speech lie to entangle them, are in mind
not a little troubled, when they hear so bitter invectives against
that, which this church hath taught them to reverence as
holy. *Hooker, b. v.*

As you *unwind* her love from him,
Left it should ravel, and be good to none,
Bottom it on me. *Shakspeare. Two Gentlemen of Verona.*

To *UNWIND. v. n.* To admit evolution.
Put the bottoms into clean scalding water, and they will
easily *unwind*. *Mortimer's Husbandry.*

UNWIPED. adj. Not cleared.
Their hands and faces were all badg'd with blood,
So were their daggers, which *unwip'd* we found
Upon their pillows. *Shakspeare. Macbeth.*

UNWISE. adj. Weak; defective in wisdom.
O good, but most *unwise* patricians! why,
You grave, but reckless senators, have you thus
Giv'n Hydra here to chafe an officer? *Shakspeare. Coriolanus.*
Be not ta'en tardy by *unwise* delay. *Shakspeare.*

He who of those delights can judge, and spare
To interpose them oft, is not *unwise*. *Milton.*
This the Greeks say, this the barbarians; the wife and the
unwise. *Tillotson.*

When kings grow stubborn, slothful, or *unwise*,
Each private man for public good should rise. *Dryden.*
Lady Zelmane, like some, *unwisely* liberal, that more
delight to give presents than pay debts, chose rather to be-
flow her love upon me, than to recompense him. *Sidney.*

Unwisely we the wiser East
Pity, supposing them oppress'd
With tyrant's force. *Waller.*

To *UNWISH. v. a.* To wish that which is, not to be.
My liege, would you and I alone,
Without more help, could fight this royal battle. —
—Why now thou hast *unwish'd* five thousand men;
Which likes me better than to wish us one. *Shakspeare.*

U N W

To desire there were no God, were plainly to *unwish* their
own being, which must be annihilated in the subtraction of
that essence, which substantially supporteth them. *Brown.*

UNWISHED. adj. Not fought; not desired.
So jealous is the of my love to her daughter, that I never
yet begin to open my mouth to the inevitable Philoclea, but
that her *unwished* presence gave my tale a conclusion, before
it had a beginning. *Sidney.*

To his *unwished* yoke
My soul consents not to give sov'reignty. *Shakspeare.*
While heaping *unwished* wealth I distant roam;
The best of brothers at his natal home
By the dire fury of a traitress wife,
Ends the sad evening of a stormy life.

UNWISER. adj. Unthought of; not known.
To *UNWISER. v. a.* To deprive of understanding. Not used.

Friends all but now; even now
In quarter, and in terms like bride and groom
Divesting them for bed; and then, but now,
As if some planet had *unwisely* men,
Swords out, and tilting one at other's breasts. *Shakspeare.*

UNWITHDRAWING. adj. Continually liberal.
Wherefore did nature pour her bounties forth,
With such a full and *unwithdrawing* hand,
Covering the earth with odours, fruits, and flocks? *Milton.*

UNWITHSTOOD. adj. Not opposed.
Credly plains,
And Agincourt, deep ting'd with blood, confess
What the Silures vigour *unwithstood*,
Could do in rigid fight. *Phillips.*

UNWITNESSED. adj. Wanting evidence; wanting notice.
Least their zeal to the cause should any way be *unwit-
nessed*. *Hooker.*

UNWITTINGLY. adv. [Properly *unwittingly*, from *unwitting*.]
Without knowledge; without consciousness.
In these fatal things it falls out, that the high-working
powers make second causes *unwittingly* accessory to their de-
terminations. *Sidney.*

Those things are termed most properly natural agents,
which keep the law of their kind *unwittingly*, as the heavens
and elements of the world, which can do no otherwise than
they do. *Hooker, b. i.*

Atheists repudiate all title to heaven, merely for present
pleasure; besides the extreme madness of running such a de-
perate hazard after death, they *unwittingly* deprive themselves
here of that tranquillity they seek for. *Bentley.*

UNWONTED. adj.
1. Uncommon; unusual; rare; infrequent:
His sad, dull eyes, sunk deep in hollow pits,
Could not endure th' *unwonted* fun to view. *Fairy Queen.*
My father's of a better nature
Than he appears by speech; this is *unwonted* *Shakspeare.*
—*unwonted* meteor is portentous, and some divine
prodigium. *Gianvile.*

1. *Unwonted*, quick pulse, and leaving of my heart,
All signs of some *unwonted* change appear. *Dryden.*

2. Unaccustomed; unused.
Philoclea, who blushing, and withal smiling, making
shamefastness pleasant, and pleasure shamefast, tenderly moved
her feet, *unwonted* to feel the naked ground. *Sidney, b. ii.*
Sea calves *unwonted* to fresh waters fly. *Mary.*

O how oft shall he
On faith and changed gods complain; and seas
Rough with black winds and storms, *Milton.*
Unwonted shall admire.

UNWORKING. adj. Living without labour.
Lazy and *unworking* shopkeepers in this being worse than
gamesters, do not only keep so much of the money of a
country in their hands, but make the publick pay them
for it. *Locke.*

UNWRAPPED. adj. Not adored.
He resolv'd to leave
Unwrapp'd, unbey'd the throne supreme. *Milton.*

UNWRITABLE. adv. Not according to desert; either above
or below merit.
I vow'd, base knight,
To tear the garter from thy craven leg,
Which I have done, because *unwritably* *Shakspeare. Hen. VI.*
Thou wast infallible.

Fearing lest my jealous aim might err,
And so *unwritably* disgrace the man,
I gave him gentle looks. *Shakspeare.*

If we look upon the Odyssey as all a fiction, we consider it
unwritably. It ought to be read as a story founded upon truth,
adorned with embellishments of poetry. *Brown.*

UNWORTHINESS. n. f. Want of worth; want of merit.
A mind fearing the *unworthiness* of every word that should
be presented to her ears, at length brought it forth in this
manner. *Sidney, b. ii.*

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Q let not an excellent spirit do itself such wrong, as to
think where it is placed, embraced, and loved, there can be
any *unworthiness*; since the weakest mist is not easilier driven
away by the sun, than that is chased away with so high
thoughts. *Sidney.*

Every night he comes with songs compos'd
To her *unworthiness*: it nothing reads us
To chide him from our caves, for he persists. *Shakspeare.*
I fear'd to find you in another place;
But, since you're here, my jealousy grows less:

You will be kind to my *unworthiness*. *Dryden.*
Have a true and humble sense of your own *unworthiness*,
which will not suffer you to rise to a confidence unwarrantably
pretended to by some. *Waste on Death.*

UNWORTHY. adj.
1. Not deserving.
The Athanasian creed and doxology should remain in use,
the one as a most divine explication of the chiefest articles of
our christian belief; the other as an heavenly acclamation of
joyful applause to his praises, in whom we believe: neither
the one nor the other *unworthy* to be heard founding, as they
are in the church of Christ. *Hooker.*

Every particular accident, not *unworthy* the remembrance,
for brevity I wittingly pass over. *Kaestler.*

2. Wanting merit.
Degree being vizarded,
Th' *unworthy* shews as fairly in the mask. *Shakspeare.*
Are there *unworthy* men chosen to offices? *Wintcliffe.*
So may I, blind fortune leading me,
Mist that which one *unworthy* may attain;
And die with grieving. *Shakspeare. Merch. of Venice.*

3. Mean.
Tell me, Philoclea, did you ever see such a shepherd?
did you ever hear of such a prince? and then tell me if a
small or *unworthy* assault have conquered me? *Sidney.*

4. Not suitable; not adequate.
I laid at her feet a work, which was *unworthy* her, but
which I hope she will forgive. *Dryden.*
Our friend's papers are in my hands, and I will take care
to suppress things *unworthy* of him. *Pope to Swift.*

Care is taken to interperse additions in such a manner,
that scarce any book can be bought, without purchasing some-
thing *unworthy* of the author. *Swift.*

5. Unbecoming; vile.
The brutal action rous'd his manly mind:
Mov'd with *unworthy* usage of the maid,
He, though unarm'd, resolv'd to give her aid. *Dryden.*

UNWOUND. part. pass. and pret. of unwind. Untwisted.
Thatchers tie with withs, but old pitch'd ropes *unwound* are
more lasting. *Mortimer's Husbandry.*

UNWOUNDED. adj.
1. Not wounded.
We may offend
Our yet *unwounded* enemies. *Milton's Par. Lost, b. vi.*

2. Not hurt.
Oh! blest with temper:
She who can love a sister's charms, or hear
Sighs for a daughter with *unwounded* ear. *Pope.*

To *UNWRATH. v. a.* To untwine.
The beards of wild oats, and of divers other wild plants,
continually wreath and *unwrath* themselves, according to the
temperature of the ambient air. *Boyle.*

UNWRITING. adj. Not assuming the character of an author.
The peace of the honest *unwriting* subject was daily mo-
lest. *Aristobolus.*

UNWRITTEN. adj. Not conveyed by writing; oral; traditional.
A rule of right *unwritten*, but delivered by tradition from
one to another. *Spenser's State of Ireland.*

As to his understanding, they bring him in void of all no-
tion, a nude, *unwritten* blank; making him to be created as
much an infant, as others are born. *Saunders's Sermons.*

The laws of England may be divided into the written law,
and the *unwritten*. *Hale.*

UNWRUGHT. adj. Not laboured; not manufactured.
Or prove at least to all of wiser thought,
Their hearts were fertile land, although *unwrought*. *Fairfax.*
Yet thy moist clay is pliant to command;
Unwrought and easy to the potter's hand:
Now take the mold, now bend thy mind to feel
The first sharp motions of the forming wheel. *Dryden.*

UNWRUNG. adj. Not pinched.
We that have free souls, it touches us not; let the galled
jade winch, our withers are *unwring*. *Shakspeare. Hamlet.*

UNWIDDED. adj. Not given up.
O'erpower'd at length, they force him to the ground,
Unwidded as he was, and to the pillar bound. *Dryden.*

To *UNYoke. v. a.*
1. To loose from the yoke.
Our army is dispers'd already:
Like youthful steers *unyok'd*, they took their course
East, west, north, south. *Shakspeare. Hen. IV.*

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Homer calls them like gods, and yet gives them the em-
ployment of slaves; they *unyoke* the mules. *Brocus.*

2. To part; to disjoin.
Shall these hands, so lately purg'd of blood,
So join'd in love, so strong in both,
Unyoke this seizure, and this kind regret. *Shakspeare.*

UNYOKED. adj.
1. Having never worn a yoke.
Sey'n bullocks yet *unyok'd* for Phœbus chaise,
And for Diana sev'n unpotted ewes. *Dryden.*

2. Licentious; unrestrained.
I will a-while uphold
The *unyok'd* humour of your idleness. *Shakspeare. Hen. IV.*

UNZONED. adj. Not bound with a girdle.
Easy her motion seem'd, serene her air;
Full, though *unzon'd*, her bosom. *Prior.*

VOCABULARY. n. f. [vocabularium, Lat. *vocabulaire*, Fr.] A
dictionary; a lexicon; a word-book.
Some have delivered the polity of spirits, and that they
stand in awe of conjurations, which signify nothing, not only
in the dictionary of man, but in the subtiler *vocabulary* of
Satan. *Brown's Fable. Errours.*

Among other books, we should be furnished with *vocabula-
ries* and dictionaries of several sorts. *Watts.*

VOCAL. adj. [vocal, Fr. *vocalis*, Lat.]
1. Having a voice.
Eyes are *vocal*, tears have tongues;
And there be words not made with lungs;
Sententious show's! O let them fall,
Their cadence is rhetorical. *Crashaw.*

Witness if I be silent, morn or even,
To hill, or valley, fountain, or fresh shade,
Made *vocal* by my song, and taught his praise. *Milton.*
Smooth-sliding Minicius, crown'd with *vocal* reeds,
That strain I heard was of a higher mood. *Milton.*

None can animate the lyre,
And the mute strings with *vocal* souls inspire,
As Helen, in whose eyes ten thousand Cupids dwell. *Dryden.*
Memnon, though stone, was counted *vocal*;
But 'twas the god, mean while, that spoke all.
Rome oft has heard a cross haranguing,
With prompting priest behind the hanging. *Prior.*

2. Uttered or modulated by the voice.
They which, under pretence of the law ceremonial being
abrogated, require the abrogation of instrumental musick,
approving nevertheless the use of *vocal* melody to remain,
must shew some reason wherefore the one should be thought
a legal ceremony, and not the other. *Hooker.*

And join'd their *vocal* worship to the choir
Of creatures wanting voice. *Milton's Par. Lost.*

VOCALITY. n. f. [vocalitas, Lat. from *vocal*.] Power of utter-
ance; quality of being utterable by the voice.
L and R being in extremes, one of roughness, the other
of smoothness and freeness of *vocality*, are not easy in tract of
vocal speech to be pronounced spiritaly. *Holder.*

To *VOCALIZE. v. a.* [from *vocal*.] To form into voice.
It is one thing to give an impulse to breath alone; and another
thing to *vocalize* that breath, i. e. in its passage through the
larynx, to give it the found of human voice. *Holder.*

VOCALLY. adv. [from *vocal*.] In words; articulately.
Although it is as natural to mankind, to express their de-
sires *vocally*, as it is for brutes to use their natural vocal signs;
yet the forming of languages into this or that fashion, is a
business of institution. *Hale's Origin of Mankind.*

VOCATION. n. f. [vocation, Fr. *vocatio*, Lat.]
1. Calling by the will of God.
Neither doth that which St. Paul, or other apostles, teach,
enforce the utter disability of any other men's *vocation* thought
requisite in this church for the saving of souls. *Hooker, b. v.*

They which thus were in God eternally by their intended
admission to life, have, by *vocation* or adoption, God actually
now in them. *Hooker, b. v.*

2. Summons.
What can be urged for them who not having the *vocation*
of poverty to scribble, out of meer wantonness make them-
selves ridiculous? *Dryden.*

3. Trade; employment.
He would think his service greatly rewarded, if he might
obtain by that means to live in the light of his prince, and
yet practise his own chosen *vocation*. *Sidney, b. i.*

God's mother, in a vision full of majesty,
Will'd me to leave my base *vocation*. *Shakspeare. Hen. VI.*
God has furnished men with faculties sufficient to direct
them in the way they should take, if they will seriously em-
ploy them, when their ordinary *vocations* allow them the
leisure. *Locke.*

A whore in her *vocation*,
Keeps punctual to an assignation. *Swift.*

VOCATIVE. n. f. [vocativus, Fr. *vocations*, Lat.] The gramma-
tical case used in calling or speaking to.